

DAILY FREE DEMOCRAT:
PUBLISHED IN THE CITY OF MILWAUKEE, EVERY WEEK
DAY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

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TRADE OF THIS PAPER—\$10 DOLLARS a year, delivered

BY MAIL.—Single copy of the paper, THREE CENTS each.
THE FREE-DEMOCRAT is published at this office every day, Thursday and Saturday evenings, and sent to subscribers by mail, the following morning, at the low price of THREE DOLLARS a year.

THE WISCONSIN FREE DEMOCRAT (for the country part) is published Wednesday, at Two Dollars a week, \$25 IN ADVANCE. To Clubs, One Dollar and Fifty Cents.

Rules of Advertising:

Advertisers will pay for their space at regular rates.

1000 words, \$1.50; 1 square, 1 month, \$5.00;
1000 words, 5 weeks, 5.50;
1000 words, 6 months, 6.00;
1000 words, 9 months, 6.50;
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Daily Free Democrat.

EXAMINER OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN
S. M. BOOTH,
EDITOR OF SPRING AND WEST WISCONSIN.

S. M. BOOTH, Editor.

CITY OF MILWAUKEE.

MONDAY, APRIL 21, 1856.

ALL LETTERS intended for publication, or on business connected with the paper, should be directed to "The Free Democrat," Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

All letters received only for the eye of the editor, should be addressed to "S. M. BOOTH, 150 Water St., Milwaukee, Wisconsin."

To the People of the United States.

The People of the United States, without regard to past political differences or divisions, who are opposed to the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, to the policy of the present administration, to the extension of Slavery in the Territories, in favor of the admission of Kansas as a free State, and of restoring the action of the Federal Government to the principles of Washington and Jefferson, are invited by the National Committee, appointed by the Pittsburgh Convention of the 2nd of February, 1856, to send from each State three Delegates at large to meet in PHILADELPHIA, ON THE SEVENTEENTH DAY OF JUNE, NEXT, for the purpose of recommending candidates to be supported for the offices of President and Vice-President of the UNITED STATES.

E. D. MORRISON, New York.

FRANCIS P. BLAIR, Maryland.

JOHN M. NILES, Connecticut.

DAVID WILMOT, Pennsylvania.

A. P. STONE, Ohio.

WILLIAM M. CHASE, Rhode Island.

JOHN Z. GOODRICH, Massachusetts.

GEORGE R. VINE, Virginia.

ARNER R. HALLOWELL, Maine.

E. S. DELAND, Illinois.

CHARLES DICKEY, Michigan.

GEORGE C. FOGG, New Hampshire.

A. J. STEVENS, Iowa.

CORNELIUS COLE, California.

LAWRENCE BRAINERD, Vermont.

WILLIAM GROSE, Indiana.

WYMAN SPOFFORD, Wisconsin.

C. M. K. PAULSON, New Jersey.

E. D. WILLIAMS, Delaware.

JOHN G. LEE, Kentucky.

JAMES REEDPATH, Missouri.

LEWIS CLIFPANE, Dist. of Columbia.

WASHINGTON, March 20, 1856. National Committee.

Mass State Convention.

We, the undersigned, recommend the holding of a Mass State Convention, at Madison, on Wednesday, the 4th day of June, 1856, for the purpose of appointing six delegates at large and three delegates from each Congressional District, to represent the Republicans of Wisconsin in the National Republican Convention to be held at Philadelphia, on the 17th day of June next, to nominate candidates for President and Vice-President, and to organize the Republican party of the State. And all persons are cordially invited to attend and take part in the proceedings of this Convention, who hold to the principles of the Republican Platform adopted July 13th, 1854, when the Republican party of the State was first inaugurated, viz:

Freedom or Slavery, the chief political issue.

Freedom in all the United States' Territories.

No more Slave States.

The abrogation of the Fugitive Slave Act.

Equality of Political Rights irrespective of birth, nativity or religion.

The support of such men only for offices as are positively and fully committed to these principles, and whose personal character and conduct are a guarantee that they are reliable.

All who hold to these principles, and renounce their allegiance to the Hunter Democratic and Know Nothing parties, are invited to meet at Madison, for the purposes above mentioned, to organize for the coming Presidential Campaign, and to transact such business as the best interests of the party may require. And all Republican editors, and all Republicans, who do not wish to see the Republican party controlled by the Know Nothings and destroyed, are requested to aid in circulating and promoting the objects of this call.

L. F. FRISBY,
One of the State Central Committee.
CHAS. RUGES,
Editor of Wisconsin's Democrat, Manitowoc.

S. M. BOOTH,
Editor of Free Democrat, Milwaukee.

B. DOMSCHKE,
Editor of Atlas, Milwaukee.

GEN. JAS. H. PAYNE,
HORTENSIO J. PAYNE,
JESSE HOOKER.

Lot all Republicans in favor of a Mass State Convention, on the above basis, write to us and send us their names, to be appended to this call.

--[Ed. FREE DEM.]

The Mass State Convention.

From the letters and statements we have received on the subject of a Mass State Convention, we are satisfied that the necessity for such a Convention is far greater now, than it was at the first organization of the party. There is a far greater want of harmony now among those composing the Republican party, than there is the element of Know Nothingism, which has crept into our ranks, has been the main cause of our present discord. It has taken advantage of the old divisions in which parties were formerly arrayed to foment dissensions and weaken the party; that it might be more easily controlled. We know not what course the Order may finally adopt, but we know that it is their purpose now, to go into the primary meetings and elect delegates to control the Convention. And we shall be happily disappointed if they do not succeed. Suppose they get the control at Madison and elect delegates to the National Convention? In what position does it place the Republican party of this State?

The game of last fall cannot be played over again. Thousands of Republicans would repudiate, from the start, the acts of a Convention controlled, as that was, by the Know Nothing Order. If the Know Nothings do not interfere with the Republican Convention, called by the Chairman of the Committee, and it takes decided ground against Slavery and Know Nothingism, and appoints good men and true to posts of responsibility, there will be no want of harmony. In such a case, we shall cheerfully sustain its designs. And, so far as our influence

goes, it will be to make the Mass Convention auxiliary to the Delegate Convention, unless that Convention repudiates the right of Republicans to meet in Mass Convention and consult together for the common weal.

But we do not expect such a result. We expect to see the Convention wholly under Know Nothing control. The members of the Order are all drilled, and under the direction of one man. When he gives the word, they obey—They will all be on hand at the primary meetings, and where they have not a clear majority, they will elect some man not known to belong to their Order—their secret organization enabling them to accomplish this without exciting suspicion. The genuine Republicans in the Delegate Convention will either have to succumb, and let the party be henceforth cursed with the odium of Know Nothingism, or leave it and unite with the Mass Convention, and reorganize the party on a firm basis. The Republican presses, instead of opposing the Mass Convention, should encourage it, for if the first called Convention does its duty, it will not be in its way, but add character to it by endorsing its proceedings, and if it fails to do its duty, it will be the only thing that can save the party from ruin.

It may be a good plan for a part of the Republican press to keep up a running fire against all who favor the Mass Convention, till the 4th of June, stigmatizing them by offensive names, and impugning their motives, but in our opinion, such a course will only increase divisions in our ranks, multiply the earnest advocates of the Mass Convention, and alienate the whole body of German Republicans, so that they will look upon the party with suspicion and distrust. There is no need of strife. Let the friends of the Delegate Convention go ahead. If they do well, we will bid them God speed. But let them not tear the who who wish a Mass Convention as slave-drivers do their slaves.

We assure the *Newspaper* and its allies that it was not our design to provoke scruples of feeling, in referring to the complimentary terms in which they spoke of our exposures of Know Nothingism. Well knowing the use which the *Madison Journal* and its allies would make of such articles, we thought we raw in it, a design to aid them in their assaults upon us, and it seemed to us hardly manly for them to mingle in this fight. With a large portion of the old Whig presses of the State, and such of the Free Soil presses as are constitutionally disposed to temporize and compromise, arrayed against us in a warfare, which, for personality, virulence, and the imputation of base motives on their part, has no parallel, save in the politics of New York, and in the embittered strife of the Democratic party of Wisconsin, we respectfully submit, that it is but fair that outsiders should not interfere, and that if they have any help to give to our opponents, that they would give it to them openly, and not by implication. Still, we do not ask any favors. We feel able to take care of ourselves, and whether one, or twenty thousand agree with us, no promises of reward, or hope of gain or prospects of good will—nothing but a change of conviction—can change the course of this paper. To publish a paper is not necessary to our life or happiness. But while publishing it, it is our duty, as well as purpose, to express our own opinions without fear of the cowards and slaves of party, who like their prototypes, are ready to shout huzzas to the popular idol, and "cruel him," to the one that unmasks their hypocrisy.

FALL OF A METEOR.—At 9 o'clock on the morning of the 11th inst., a large meteor fell to the south of Belfast, Me.—it is not known where—shaking the buildings in that city. The noise resembled the explosion of a powder mill, and was distinctly heard in Rockland and neighboring towns.

GARET DAVIS, K. N., of Kentucky in speech at Cincinnati, last Wednesday, informed the audience that the foreigners are in a majority in Wisconsin. If it were so, how to wish would be any organization to proscribe them, and thus array them in a body against all the native-born who hold K. N. principles.

THE K. N.'s of North California have nominated J. A. Gilmer, of Guifford, for Governor. F. TOWNSEND, J. G. TOWNSEND, W. L. TOWNSEND, TOWNSEND, BEAN & BURLOCK,

Successors to Townsend, Finkler & Co.

BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS
No. 203 East Water Street,

MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC EXCHANGE bought and sold.

Premium paid for Gold, Silver, Eastern, Chicago and Milwaukee Bank Notes. Silver and Gold for sale.

Highest price paid for Uncurried Money and Foreign Coin.

Collection made and promptly remitted.

Notes, Mortgages and Securities purchased and negotiated.

Interest paid on Deposites.

April 19.

SPRINGFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS.

NOTICE !

METALIC BURIAL CASES.

I SHALL HERAFTER keep constantly

a supply of the Metalic Burial Cases.

A new and beautiful style imitation

of Rosewood; also, wood coffins of all kinds. Spring street, opposite the American House, office of the Forest Home Cemetery.

All orders promptly attended to. J. CROUCH,

Undertaker.

WISCONSIN STATE

KANSAS EMIGRANT AID ASSOCIATION.

The Secretary's Office is now open

at 200 East Water Street, second door below City Land Office. Volunteers and persons intending to emigrate can obtain information at this office.

All letters from different parts of the State will be promptly answered.

C. T. DUTCHKISS,

Secretary.

TO RENT.

THE LOWER PART OF A GOOD

HOUSE, with use of Barn in the Fourth Ward,

will be rented to a small and peaceable family.

INQUIRE AT THIS OFFICE.

SPRINGFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS.

BROWN'S DAGUERREAN GALLERY,

—MAINTAINS BLOCK—

201 East Water Street

Milwaukee.

Established in 1847.

FIRST-CLASSPICTURES TAKEN. Gold-Lock

camera, Operated furnished with stock of silkinds

A. RICHIE,

DENTIST.

227 Market Sq., Dr. Young's

Block—

MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

B. B. BURNHARD, M. D.

DENTIST.

No. 171½ East Waterstreet, Milwaukee.

ARCADe BUILDING.

Milwaukee & Beloit Rail Road.

Subscription Books for Stock in this Company, will be opened on the 15th Inst., by W. J. Whaling East, Commercial Insurance Co's office, and at the office of Misses II. & J. F. Hill.

D. C. Root, Esq., is authorized to receive subscriptions to said Stock.

HORATIO HILL, President.

Milwaukee, April 14, 1856.

april 14.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED will, and after Monday,

7th April, require all checks on other than their own Banks, offered in payment of Notes, to be certified.

D. FERGUSON, Cashier.

MARSHALL & HSLEY.

T. R. ELDRIDGE, Cashier.

M. S. SCOTT, Cashier.

J. S. COLT, Cashier.

E. D. HOLTON, President.

J. H. SKIDMORE, Cashier.

HULL, JONES & CO.

TOWNSEND, BEAN & BURLOCK.

BRIDGE BROTHERS.

E. B. GREENLEAF, Cashier.

april 14.

PRICES.

Wheat, winter, per bushel..... 1.33^{1/2} 1.46

Club, spring, per bushel..... 1.50^{1/2} 1.25

Rye, per bushel..... 1.00^{1/2} 1.00

Oats, per bushel..... 1.00^{1/2} 1.00

Corn, per bushel..... 1.00^{1/2} 1.00

Flax, long-hair, per bushel..... 50^{1/2} 50^{1/2}

Flax, extra, per bushel..... 50^{1/2} 50^{1/2}

Pork, per bushel..... 7.50^{1/2} 8.00

Beef, per bushel..... 5.50^{1/2} 6.00

Beef, on foot, per bushel..... 12.00^{1/2} 12.00

Beef, on foot,

DAILY DEMOCRAT.

C. D. BOOTH, Local Editor.

MONDAY.....APRIL 21.

The Ladies

are cordially invited to attend the Kansas Aid Meeting at Concert Hall on Tuesday evening the 22d inst. We sincerely hope they will favor us with their presence. The Ladies throughout the North in Kansas have already done signal service for Freedom in this controversy. Will not the Ladies of Milwaukee city and County attend this Meeting and cheer on the resolution for Kansas. They helped in the day of the Revolution. Will they not help us by their presence in this second great struggle for independence.

By order of Com. of Arrangement.

Police Court. April 21.

Rather lively this morning. John Tracy, drunk and disorderly, fined \$1 and costs, and in default of payment committed for 10 days. B. J. Burr shooting in city limits fined \$2. A. ex. Joslin " " " \$2 Wm. Underwood " " " \$2 Sub. Greenhagen " " " \$2. Joseph Hadley running his team in the street fined \$5.

Andrew Schetke, drunk and disorderly fined \$3. Patrick Fraly drunk and disorderly committed for 10 days.

Lawrence Hagan, resisting officer \$10 and costs, and 20 days imprisonment.

John Goetz drunk and disorderly \$3. Michael N. Wright drunk and disorderly \$1. David Caronno assault and battery, aggravated in County Jail.

Another assault and battery case came on to which the accused plead guilty.

The Lady of Lyons was played, on Saturday evening in a full house, and on the whole was rendered much better than ever before in this city. Claude and the widow Melnot were admirably done by Mrs. Thorne and Mrs. Thorpe—Leopold by Leopold, and Clavis by W. H. Thorpe well represented. Pauline, in some parts very well by Miss Emilia Thorne. Mrs. Thorne is pretty, self-possessed, is charming in *repartee*, gestures, and expression of face, but oftentimes lacks naturalness of voice, and her pronunciation and manner of speaking in some passages were a little affected. As our contemporaries have given her unqualified praise, we have felt that justice required us to say thus much of her performance. She could have no better model for naturalness of manner and a good style of speaking than her mother, Mrs. C. R. Thorne, who always inspires her audience with confidence in her success—the best test of a good actress—and impresses all with a sense of the true dignity and genuine worth womanhood. To-night the Company performed the Stranger—Mrs. Thorne as Mrs. Haller and Mrs. Thorne as Countess Winterstein.

Editor.—The house where Spencer or "Sleeky John" murdered Singer, on the Lisbon Plank Road, in the 6th Ward, was destroyed by fire at 10 A. M. on Saturday. Fired by design; no insurance.

FOUR ENGINES BURNED.—About 3 o'clock this morning, we were awoken by an alarm of fire which proceeded from the Lake Shore Railroad buildings in the Fifth Ward. Four Engines, the Milwaukee, Racine, Kenosha and Lake Shore were burned so as to be entirely ruined. The Watchmen in the building where the Engines were burned were asleep. Vigilant fellows! The engines cost about \$9,000 apiece.

LITTLE GOV. FOHD OF OHIO.—We had the favor of a call from this gentleman Saturday morning. He is a fine specimen physically of the Buckeyes, and stamped that State, last fall for the Republican ticket. He was one of the Philadelphia seceders, holding that slavery is the prominent question before the country at the present time. He left on Saturday for Madison and Janesville and will return to-morrow.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.—For May has been laid on our table. Its first two articles illustrated, the silver mines of Honduras and Commodore Perry's Expedition to Japan, are worth more than the cost of the book. It has the usual amount of reading matter, editor's fashions &c. For sale by E. C. Arnold.

WOOD BURNED.—A pile of wood near Elm Grove, caught fire from sparks from the locomotive, as the morning train was coming from the west today. Some two or three cords were destroyed before the flames were extinguished.

THE MASS CONVENTION.—The call for a Mass Republican Convention at the same time and place of the Delegated Republican Convention, is published with approval. This action may be denounced, but something of the kind need not be said to the party from the curse of Knob Nodding. The writer does not sign it, because he may not be able to attend, and those who call a meeting of this kind ought to be there themselves, at least.—*Elliott Independent*.

RESIGNED.—Professors Hotchkiss and Dodge have resigned their posts in the Milwaukee University, and we understand, intend to devote themselves to the study and practice of the law. Prof. Hotchkiss founded the school and has labored assiduously for five years to promote its interests. Prof. Dodge has been connected with the University for the last two or three years, and has won the good opinion of all. Our best wishes for the success of both of these young gentlemen in their new pursuit.

E. H. JANSEN, late State Treasurer, and D. M. Seaver, his Secretary, were both indicted by Grand Jury last week, for embezzlement.

WANTED!—A GOOD Job Printer, immediately, at this Office.

New Advertisements.

JACKSON & LUXTON'S COLUMN.

21 REASONS

Why You Should Buy Your

DRY GOODS !

—AT THE—



Jackson & Luxton,

146 EAST WATER STREET, MILWAUKEE.

1. Because they sell the Cheapest.

2. Because their assortment is the largest.

3. Because their goods are all New.

4. Because their stock is the most Fashionable.

5. Because they import their own Goods.

6. Because their silk are the Handsomest.

7. Because their silks are the Cheapest.

8. Because they sell the best Kid Gloves.

9. Because they sell the prettiest Embroideries.

10. Because their fancy stock is Matchless.

11. Because they have only One Price.

12. Because their goods are marked in Plain Figures.

13. Because the most Fashionable can be Pleased.

14. Cause they court comparison and defy competition.

15. Because they have Female Assistants.

16. Because every one is satisfied who trades therewith.

17. Because it is thought no trouble to show Goods.

18. Because customers are not forced to buy.

19. Because it is the largest retail store in the city.

20. Because they advertise only the Truth.

21. Because it is the **Bee Hive.**

april 19

NEW MILLINERY FIRM !

MISS GOODING & CO.,

Successors to Miss L. Morris,

Corner of Wisconsin and Main Streets

With uniformity the judges of this city that they have selected the Millinery stock of Miss L. Morris, and will continue to transact business at the old stand.

Having spent considerable time in New York City in selecting goods, we feel confident in saying that the reputation which this house has acquired will be fully maintained, both in quality of Goods and in superiority of workmanship.

We have been in connection with the above a Dress-Making Department, in which we shall use our efforts to please those favoring us with their patronage. Dress trimmings and patterns always on hand.

MISS A. M. GOODING — 1333 St. A. JACKSON.

april 19

REMOVAL.

PREMIUM FURNITURE ESTABLISHMENT !

—OF—

NOYES, FLEITZHEIM & CO.

N. E. & CO. would respectfully call the attention of their numerous customers, and the public generally, to the fact that they still continue the Furniture and Drapery business, at their **New Store**, nearly opposite their old stand, with a large, rich and unassorted stock of goods, which they will dispose of as required, always bearing in mind their motto of **Quick Sales and Small Profits**. Our stock of goods, made under our own supervision, consists of a variety of Low-Priced, Medium, and Fine Furniture, Rose Wood, Mahogany, Walnut and Oak Sets, or separately. Also, Painted Chamber Furnishings of various styles. And we are confident that the paints we always take to satisfy our customers, will be appreciated as heralds. Having been awarded at the State Fairs, for the last three years, the sole and only diploma, we intend to sue the proud papa-brother to enjoy by us. 218 and 220 East Water Street. Mr. N. Noyes, Augustus Fleitzheim, Geo. K. Kimball. april 19

Church Organ for Sale.

THE Organ for use in St. James Church, Milwaukee, is for sale at a low price. Application can be made to Dr. Sibley, Second Ward.

april 19

At a Great Bargain.

A STORE AND LEASE AND STOCK OF GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS FOR SALE.

Opposite the American Hotel.

NORMAN A. MILLER,

Attorney and Justice of the Peace,

CORNER SPRING AND WEST WATER STREETS,

MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

april 19

FRUIT TREES !

H. SPAAN has a large assortment of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Bulbs, Flower Seeds, &c., to which he invites particular attention. Call and examine the stock, which is always at hand at his Vegetable Depot, Market House.

april 19

NEW DRIED CHERRIES.

SMALL lot just received at PATTON & WILLIAMS,

Corner Spring and West Water Streets.

april 19

Mr. Theodore Knoll,

Professor of Music,

ANNOUNCES to the Public that he will give instruction on Brass and String Instruments; also, in composition another Bush, thus offering to young gentlemen an opportunity of acquiring thorough knowledge of musical instruments to furnish a superior Brass or String Band for Concerts, Parties, Funerals, Ceremonies, &c., on reasonable terms.

Orders may be left at Mr. Van Cott's Jewelry Store, corner of East Water and Wisconsin Sts. feb 22d

SPRING STREET NURSERY !

APPLE, PEAR, PLUM

And Other Fruit Trees, in Great Variety.

Evergreens, and other Ornamental Trees.

ROSES, &c., &c.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers this Spring a very superior lot of Nursery Stock. The attention of those wishing to plant trees of Extra Size and Quality, is respectfully solicited. Those offered are in every respect better trees than can be had from Eastern Nurseries, and are warranted to be in the most perfect condition.

CHARLES GIFFORD,

(April 14, 1856.) Spring Street.

THE UNIVERSITY OF MILWAUKEE.

THE next term of the University will commence on Thursday, the 21st of April, 1856.

The day has been occasioned by the retirement of Prof. Hotchkiss and Dodge, and the necessity of reorganizing the Board of Instruction. The new faculty will consist of thirteen professors, in the different departments which will be duly organized at the beginning of the week; and the institution will be under the superintendence of the Rev. Dr. Wiley.

E. H. JANSEN, late State Treasurer, and D. M. Seaver, his Secretary, were both indicted by Grand Jury last week, for embezzlement.

WANTED!—A GOOD

Job Printer, immediately,

at this Office.

april 19

FARM FOR SALE :

CHEAP FOR CASH.

A FARM of 40 acres—33 acres woodland,

3 miles from the city limits, in the Town of

Wauwatosa, for sale cheap for cash, we intend

to go to Europe.

JOHN SHELDON, David

april 19

RECEIVED.

LIEUT. COL. T. C. COOPER, Adj't to the 1st Regt. Indiana Vol. Inf'y.

RECEIVED.

Dr. J. C. HARRIS, Surgeon, U. S. A.

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RECEIVED.

Call for a National Nominating Convention

To the Abolitionists of the United States:

Our undertaking is the abolition of American Slavery, every part and parcel of it. To this understanding we are prompted by impartial love for the white man and the black man; for the slaveholder and the slave, and by supreme love for Him, who gave His Son to die for all men, because He loved all men.

The means we employ are moral and political. They are prayer to God and argument with man, and votes that agree with, and give effect to prayer and argument.

Another Presidential election is approaching. Can we rely on any of the great parties of our country to do our work in that election? **ON NONE OF THEM.** None are **THEM ON FOR THE ABOLITION OF SLAVERY.** Only one of them is so much as anti-slavery; and even that one is anti-slavery but a single point. The Republican party opposes the introduction of slavery into the Territories, but endorses its constitutionality in all the slave States. It lets alone the whole slave trade, not only that between the States, but the contraband trade also, which is carried on under the sanction and regulations of Congress. It lets alone slavery in the District of Columbia. It even lets alone the Fugitive Slave Bill, and well it may, for it fully admits that all the States, and does not deny that all the Territories, are not the constitutional hunting-ground for slaves. The Republican party would have Kansas a free State. Nevertheless, it would allow the slaveholder a safe harbor over all its prairies and through all its towns after his bleeding and broken fugitive.

We need not have said all this to prove that we have no right to rely on the Republican party to do our work in the coming election. Enough to this end is the fact that the slavery which we are trying to abolish this party spreads its wing over, and denies our right to abolish. —Enough to this end it is that whilst we hold slavery to be a predominant piracy and a naked outlaw, and that the Constitution not only does not, but could not legalize it, this party, on the contrary, regards our endeavor to liberate the millions of slaves as a war upon the constitution and a violation of law.

Let it not be supposed that we undervalue the character of the members of the Republican party. Not a few of them are our personal friends—esteemed and beloved by us. A considerable portion of them, we trust, are Abolitionists at heart, and subscribe to our principles—but the more excellent the character of the members of this party, the more injurious the false policy which they have suffered to be adopted upon the party. That such men should make such concessions to slavery, is incomprehensible indeed. Alas, for freedom, when even her own professed friends can consent to yield so much to slavery in exchange for so little for freedom!

It is said that policy dictates the adoption of a platform on which all can stand who are opposed to the extension of slavery, to the degree or character of their opposition what it may! And it is argued and expected that the Republican party, though starting on the low ground of this policy, will rise into an Abolition party? We answer that such a policy will, from its own inevitable influence keep down and drag down the party that adopts it—Hence, should the Republican party get the reins of government, it will endeavor to satisfy the nation by restoring the Missouri Compromise, and acquiescing, at every other point, in the present possession and practices of slavery. It would feel itself bound, by the implications of its platform, not to disturb those possessions and practices. Thousands in the Republican party mean that it shall work the overthrow of slavery, and doubtless many slaveholders fear this result. Nevertheless, the success of the Republican party may prove the confirmation rather than the subversion of slavery, the most authoritative and effective endorsement of slavery, because endorsed by anti-slavery men.

It is manifest, then, that we, who refuse all concessions to slavery, and all terms with whatever party, must lay our account with doing our own work in this election. We must nominate our candidates and vote for them, and do what we can to persuade others to vote for them. Why should we despair of electing them? Mighty will be the appeal of our principles to all who love justice and liberty for all. In their bosoms the motto of the Republican party, "Slavery sectional—liberty national," can awaken no enthusiasm, and call up no response.—The words that tell our truthful, glorious, heavenly principle, "SLAVERY FOR NONE—LIBERTY FOR ALL"—these are the words that have power to unhook their hearts and seal their sympathies, and fire their zeal. Thousands may come to us who would never consent to go to them. Thousands may desert their standard to gather around ours. Why, indeed, should not the whole Republican party do this? The comparatively little good for which it goes, we go for also. And should they refrain from coming to us, because, in addition to this, we go for other and immeasurably greater good? Think not we are extravagant when we say that it is far from improbable that the Republican party will come to our standard. Another great outrage at the hands of the Slave Power—such as the slaughter of a hundred men in Kansas—and there will quickly be but two political parties in the nation—one party to kill slavery, and another to save it. A party to abolish slavery and a party to defend it will be the only political parties for which we shall then have room—or for which we shall then have the least demand. This was virtually admitted by Abijah Mann when, amid the loud applause of the Pittsburg Convention, he said:

"If the Government proceeds to the shedding of a single drop of blood, for the purpose of having the infamous laws of the Border Ruffian Legislature enforced, I give it to you as my deliberate conviction, and on my responsibility as a citizen, that it will be the end of human slavery in this land."

In such an event, what room would there be for the Republican party, with its distinct admission that "the slaveholding interest, in the States where it exists, entitled, under the Constitution, fits all other local interests, to immunity from the interferences of the General Government"? In such an event, what room would there be for the Republican party, a party "dissimilating any intentions to interfere with slavery in the States where it exists"? In such an event, what room would there be for the Republican party, whose Convention referred to was provided over by a slaveholder, representing a slaveholding constituency, and bringing with him, as he himself stated, a "Southern pliforina," designed, as he himself stated, to restore the Missouri Compromise to the "security of the slave institution"; a party that like the James-faced Colonization Society, has its pro-slavery appeal for the South, and its anti-slavery appeal for the North—a party in which slaveholders and anti-slavery men are to unite for the common object of a mutual compromise that shall be "the finale of all existing compromises," and that shall nevertheless leave the slave in his chains! §

We must not, however, concern ourselves inordinate-ly with the question, whether there will be few or many to come to us. We should find sufficient encouragement to go forward in the assurance that God is with us. In claiming, "as we do, the immediate and unconditional liberation of every slave, and in destroying, as we do, the possibility of law for slavery, we cannot doubt that we have the Divine approbation and the Divine blessing."

After with us, then breaketh, at Syracuse, on Wednesday the 23rd day of next May, for the purpose of nominating me, for President and Vice-President of the United States, who have the ability, the integrity, and the nerve to assert their principles, and who will wield their official powers for the salvation of every American slaveholder, and for the salvation of the whole country. We confess too, that we should expect to see still greater numbers of you for our apprehension that most of you are still in the habit of looking to others than Abolitionists, and waiting for other than Abolitionists, to do your work. In 1848 you must wait to see what the Buffalo platform party would do. It did nothing but die. In 1852 you must wait to see what the Pittsburg platform party would do. That is just as sure to die as were the others. At its very birth it refuses to inscribe on its banner the motto of its predecessors, "No more Slave States," and milles. In company with slaveholders on the outcome of restoring the Union as Missouri Compromised in which Free Soil was betrayed, the Slave Power triumphed, and its career of successful aggression inaugurated.

Every anti-slavery party that does not rise to the level of an abolition party is without root and must wither away. To expect success for this new Pittsburg party—for this policy of stopping the progress of slavery at one point, whilst hindering and gounding the great mass of it—means less folly than we expect to see the city

by an attempt to stay the flames at one point, whilst the incendiaries are permitted to fan the flames at every other.

*See Address of Pittsburgh Convention. Issue Address of Pittsburg Convention. See Northern Platform, by F. P. Blair. See Southern Platform, by C. March 1856.

[Signed by J. H. NAZRO and 800 others.]

INSURANCE NOTICES.

Commercial Insurance Co

Office No. 9, Martin's Block, Milwaukee. CAPITAL \$500,000. (\$400,000 PAID IN.)

THIS COMPANY is now ready to receive application for Marine and Fire Insurance.

We are prepared to take risks on all kinds of merchandise, Specie, Bank Notes, Bills of Exchange, Jewelry, &c., Intrusted by water or land, to or from Milwaukee, or elsewhere. All persons desirous of negotiating Marine or Fire risks, are respectively invited to apply at these offices.

DIRECTORS.

William J. Whaling, Horatio Hill, C. T. Bradley, L. H. Kellogg, E. B. Dickerman, T. W. Goodrich, Max Mack, Eliophilus Tramer, J. W. Haskin, Jacob Maffier, Lester Sexton, Daniel Newhall, J. A. Hooper, William J. Whaling, President, J. F. Taft, Secretary, J. M. Scott, Treasurer, H. H. Lane, Marine Inspector.

MILWAUKEE INSURANCE AGENCY.

OFFICE

CORNER OF EAST WATER AND WISCONSIN STS

WESTERN MASS. INSURANCE CO., Pittsfield Mass. Capital \$150,000. Gains C. Burnap, President, J. C. Goodridge, Secretary.

COMMERCIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO., New York City. Capital \$200,000. John Van Nostrand, President, H. Greenwood, Secretary.

NEW YORK STATE FIRE INSURANCE CO., New York City. Capital \$200,000. David S. Manners, President, Wm. H. Duane, Secretary.

ATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE CO., of Brooklyn, L. C. Capital \$200,000. John B. Cooke, President, Horatio Hill, Secretary.

NAHAWANDI FIRE INSURANCE CO., of New York City. Capital \$200,000. J. D. Steele, President, L. G. Irving, Secretary.

NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE CO., New York City. Capital \$200,000. Morris Franklin, President, Pliny Prentiss, Actuary.

UNION LIFE INSURANCE CO., Boston. Capital \$100,000. Elzibeth B. Pratt, President, W. H. Hollister, Secretary.

A. WHEELER, Agent.

WISCONSIN HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, Office No. 6, Kneeland's Block, Milwaukee.

Insurance effected on Property against LOSS BY FIRE.

DIRECTORS:

A. B. Van Cott, Edward Button, Samuel Bishop, Charles Cain,

OFFICERS:

E. B. WOLCOTT, Pres't, J. T. HAYDEN, Sec'y, H. WINFIELD SMITH, Treas., SAMUEL BISHOP, Attorney, July 1856.

FIRE, MARINE AND INLAND INSURANCE AGENCY. A. BADE.

CHICAGO CITY INSURANCE COMPANY ! CHICAGO. — ILLINOIS.

CAPITAL, \$150,000.

DIRECTORS.

Edmund Canfield, Henry Chapman, Isaac Cook, Terney S. Gilbert, George Hulme.

OFFICERS.

E. Canfield, Pres't, H. Bandt, Sec'y, H. Chapman, Treas., S. M. Gilbert, General Agent and Surveyor, nov 20.

Mercantile Fire and Marine Insurance Company Patch's Block, Scott Sts., Covington, Ky. CHARTERED CAPITAL, \$300,000.

DIRECTORS.

S. S. Clark, W. B. French, A. C. Chapman, G. F. Davis, T. V. W. DeCooley, D. H. Hulme, S. K. Keys, C. B. Camp, H. Hollier, G. H. Phillips, D. J. Fallon, E. B. Bailett, John M. Nedary.

WM. T. PHILLIPS, President, CHARLES HUBELL, Vice President, BACUS POTTER, Attorney.

EXCHANGE INSURANCE COMPANY. No. 11 Merchants' Exchange, Philadelphia. CAPITAL \$200,000.

Fire Insurance, Perpetual or Limited, made in any country, on every description of property.

Marine Insurance, on goods on canals, lakes, and land, subject to all parts of the Union.

MARINE INSURANCE, on goods, freight and freight. JNO. M. HALE, President, E. P. Binds, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

J. J. Duncan, J. M. Punroy, H. C. Hale.

Office in Prentiss' new brick building, corner of Second and East Water street, where the undersigned will act promptly to the application of all persons desiring policies in favor of the above mentioned Companies. Oct 20. A. BADE, Agent.

UNITED STATES INSURANCE CO., Office No. 2 Martin's Block, MILWAUKEE. — WISCONSIN CAPITAL \$500,000.

This Company is now fully organized and prepared to transact a General Marine and Fire insurance business.

This Company will take Risks on all kinds of Merchandise, Specie, Bank Notes, Bills of Exchange, Jewelry, Bullion, &c., in course of Transportation by Land or Water, and to Milwaukee or elsewhere. Also Fire Risks.

The Patronage of those desiring to effectuate Marine or Fire Insurance is respectfully solicited.

DIRECTORS.

J. A. Helfenstein, H. L. Palmer, E. O. Dickinson, Wm. E. Wendt.

Barnard Hale, Kenosha.

J. A. HELFENSTEIN, President, MOSES KNEELAND, Vice President.

S. C. WEST, Secretary.

J. B. MARTIN, Treasurer.

H. L. PALMER, Counsellor, Sept 1st.

WHITE LEAD, received and for sale by H. J. NAZRO & CO.

G.LASS.

1,500 BOXES 8x10 and OTHER SIZES GLASS, for sale by H. J. NAZRO & CO.

TIN PLATE AND SHEET IRON !

1,000 BOXES ASSORTED TIN PLATE ; 500 lbs.

Common and H. S. Sheet Iron—also Steel and

H. J. NAZRO & CO.

TO CARPENTERS :

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN ASSORTMENT

of Carpenter's Tools—Planes, Chisels, and tools of

various descriptions.

Chisels, Gouges, &c., in various sizes, and

all kinds of wood.

Also, a large quantity of

wooden boxes, &c., and various sizes.

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